

From Single Bone Analysis to Total Skeleton Content

S.Y. Tolmachev & A.C. James

*U.S. Transuranium and Uranium
Registries, 1845 Terminal Drive
Suite 201, Richland, WA 99354*

stolmachev@tricity.wsu.edu



*"Learning from Plutonium and
Uranium Workers"*

Goal

- Precise estimation of total actinide activity in skeleton

Approaches

- Analysis of the entire skeleton
- Analysis of selected/available bones

Pros and Cons

- Entire Skeleton Analysis:
 - *most precise estimation*
 - *very limited opportunities (USTUR)*
 - *large number of analyses*
- Analysis of Selected/Available Bones:
 - *typical scenario*
 - *how precise is the estimation?*

USTUR Mission

...to follow up **occupationally exposed workers**, from exposure through full lifespan, by studying the biokinetics (uptake, translocation and retention), and tissue dosimetry of the actinides (Pu, Am and U).

<http://www.ustur.wsu.edu/Mission/index.html>

USTUR Registrants

...to date, **330 former workers** from various U.S. weapons or other sites with *known history of exposure* to actinides **voluntarily donated** their tissues or entire bodies for **scientific research**.

Registrant Statistics

Total Active (Living) and Deceased Registrants[†] :	416
Living Registrants:	81
Potential Partial-body Donors:	62
Potential Whole-body Donors:	12
Special Studies:	7
Deceased Registrants:	335
Partial-body Donations:	291
Whole-body Donations:	39
Special Studies:	5
Inactive Registrants:	458
Total Number of Registrants:	874

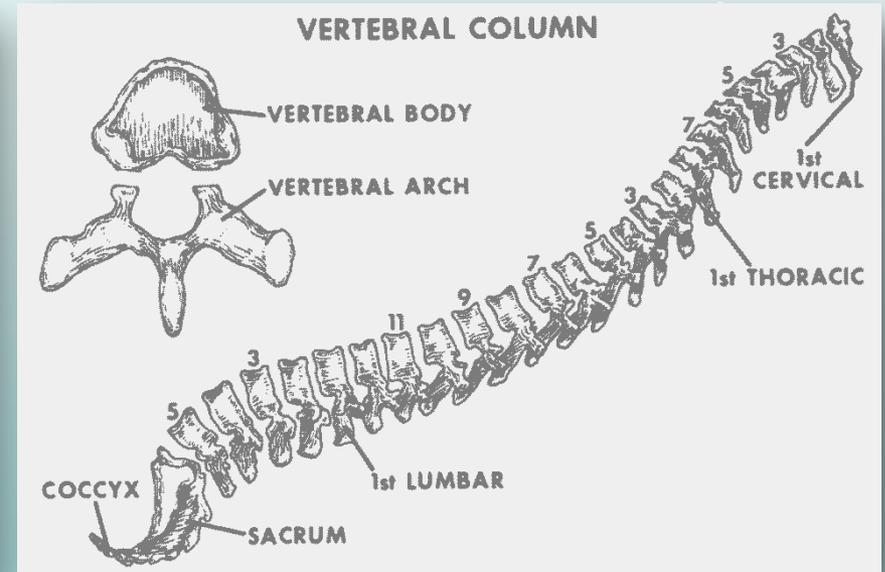
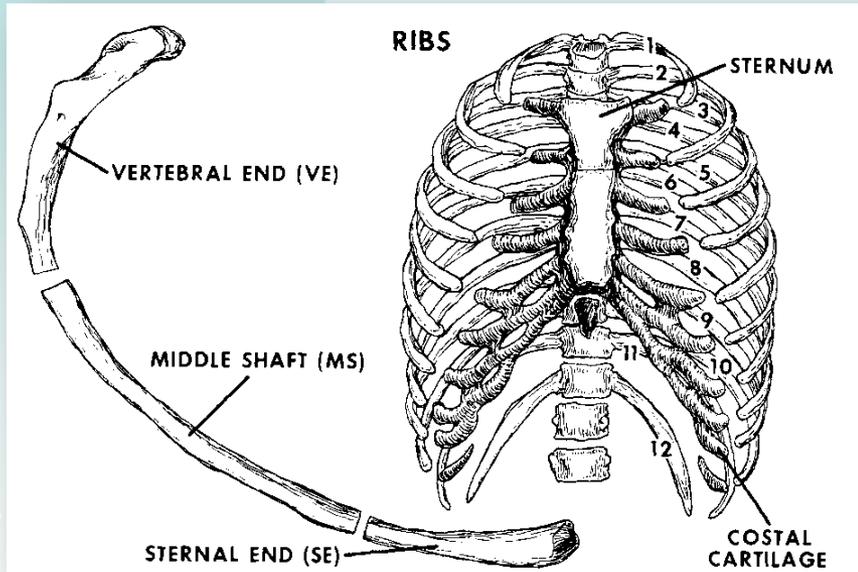
† - as of August 15, 2011

Human Tissue Analysis

- Autopsy/Dissection/Vacuum Packing/Inventory
- Tissue sample dry/wet ashing / Dissolution
- Actinide radiochemical separation
- Counting source preparation: electrodeposition
- Detection: α -spectrometry/ICP-MS

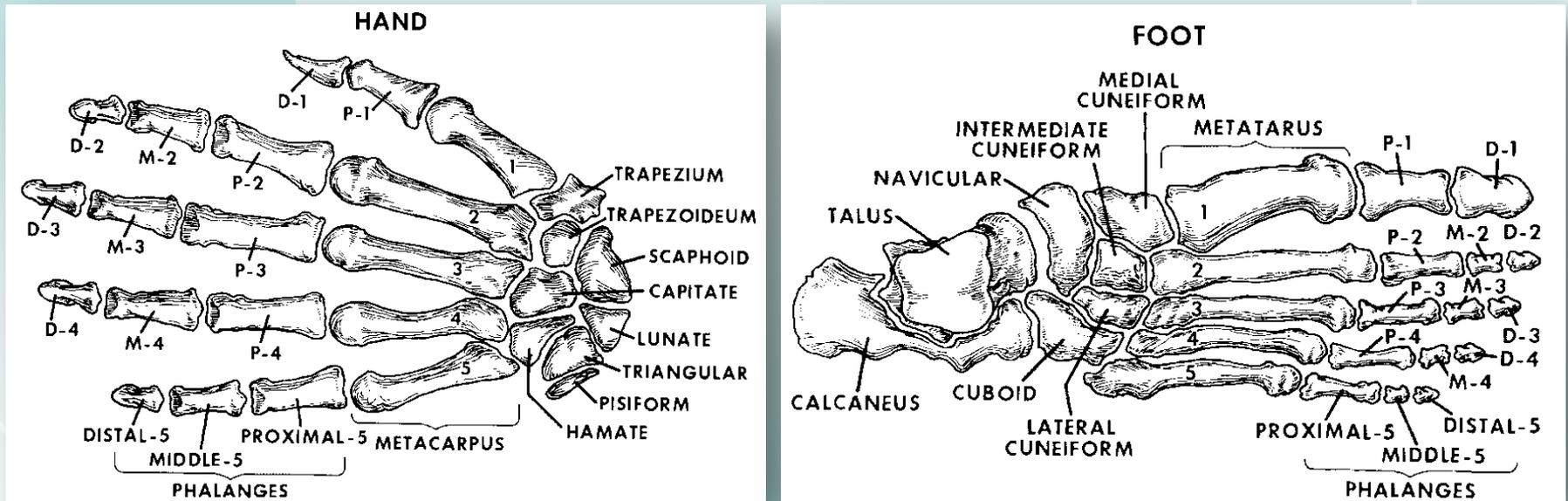
LANL Dissection Protocol

McInroy *et al* (1985, HPJ): *The U.S. Transuranium Registry Report of the ^{241}Am Content of a Whole Body. Part IV: Preparation and Analysis of the Tissues and Bones.*



LANL Dissection Protocol (2)

McInroy *et al* (1985, HPJ): *The U.S. Transuranium Registry Report of the ^{241}Am Content of a Whole Body. Part IV: Preparation and Analysis of the Tissues and Bones.*



USTUR Dissection Protocol

Reduction in number of dissected samples:

- *whole ribs vs VE, MS, SE*
- *hand and wrist vs carpal bones + phalanges*
- *foot and ankle vs tarsal bones + phalanges*
- *fewer numbers of skin/fat/muscle samples*



Reduction in the number of analyzed samples

Whole Body: Number of Analyses

Case	Lab	Analysis [†]	Total	Bones	Ratio
0193 [‡]	LANL	1982	423	307	73 %
0208	LANL	1984	307	170	55 %
0425	WSU	1994	120	87	73 %
0269	WSU	1994	106	84	79 %
0720	WSU	2005	127	84	66 %

† - Right side of the skeleton; odd ribs and vertebrae

‡ - Number of bones from the left side of the skeleton were analyzed

Whole- vs Partial- Body Analysis

Type	Skeleton	Number of Samples	
		Collected	Analyzed
Whole Body	Axial	110	62
	Limbs	70	50
Partial Body	Total	5 - 7 [†]	5 - 7

† - ribs, clavicle, patella, sternum, vertebrae, femur (MS)

Total Skeletal Activity Calculation

Whole Body:

- Analysis: *right side of the skeleton*
- Calculation: *interpolation for even ribs and vertebrae*
- Total Activity: *activity in right side x 2*

Partial Body:

- Analysis: *rib(s), clavicle, patella, sternum, vertebra(e), femur (middle shaft)*
- Calculation: *weighted average skeletal concentration*
ICRP89 skeletal weight: $-10.7 + 0.119H$ (cm)
- Total Activity: *skeletal concentration \times ICRP89 kg*

Can we do more from less?



Tasks

- 'Best bone' (group of bones) for the estimation of total actinide content in skeleton
- Precise estimation of skeleton content based on a limited number of bone analyses (partial-body donor, biopsy)
- Optimization of number of bone samples in whole-body analysis

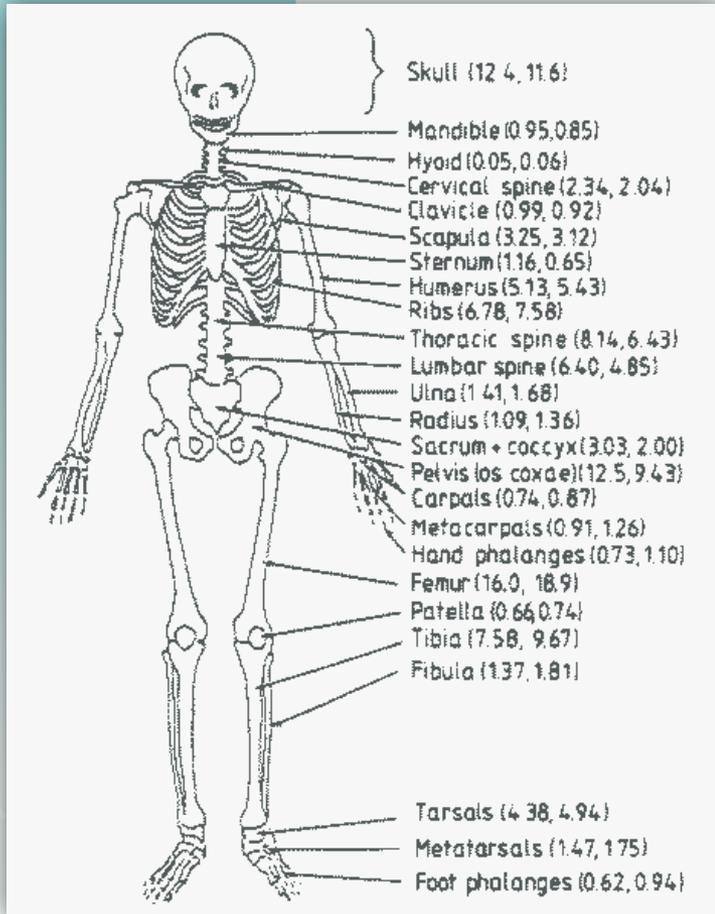
Actinide Distribution in Skeleton

- McInroy *et al* (1985, HPJ) *The U.S. Transuranium Registry Report of the ^{241}Am Content of a Whole Body. Part IV: Preparation and Analysis of the Tissues and Bones.*
- Lynch *et al* (1988, J. Radiol. Prot.) *Macrodistribution of plutonium and americium in four human skeletons.*
- Filipy *et al* (2003, HPJ) *Estimation of Actinide Skeletal Content in Humans Based on Bone Samples Collected At Autopsy.*

Methodology

- *McInroy et al (1985, HPJ): analysis of half of the skeleton. Single case analysis (first whole-body donation to the USTUR).*
- *Lynch et al (1988, J. Radiol. Prot.) defined a group of bones which best represents the total skeletal content. Analysis based on 4 whole-body cases.*
- *Filipy et al (2003,HPJ): least square regression analysis based on data from 8 whole-body cases.*

Distribution of ^{239}Pu in Skeleton



Lynch et al (1988, J. Radiol. Prot.) *Macrodistribution of plutonium and americium in four human skeletons*

- Skull: $12.4 \pm 1.1\%$
- Cervical Spine: $2.3 \pm 0.2\%$
- Thoracic Spine: $8.1 \pm 2.2\%$
- Lumbar Spine: $6.4 \pm 2.0\%$
- Sacrum & Coccyx: $3.0 \pm 0.7\%$
- Pelvis: $12.5 \pm 1.2\%$
- Clavicles: $0.99 \pm 0.14\%$
- Scapulae: $3.3 \pm 0.3\%$
- Ribs: $6.8 \pm 0.3\%$
- Sternum: $1.2 \pm 0.2\%$
- Humeri: $5.1 \pm 0.8\%$
- Femora: $16.0 \pm 2.2\%$
- Tibiae: $7.6 \pm 1.1\%$
- Patellae: $0.66 \pm 0.09\%$

Proposed Methodology

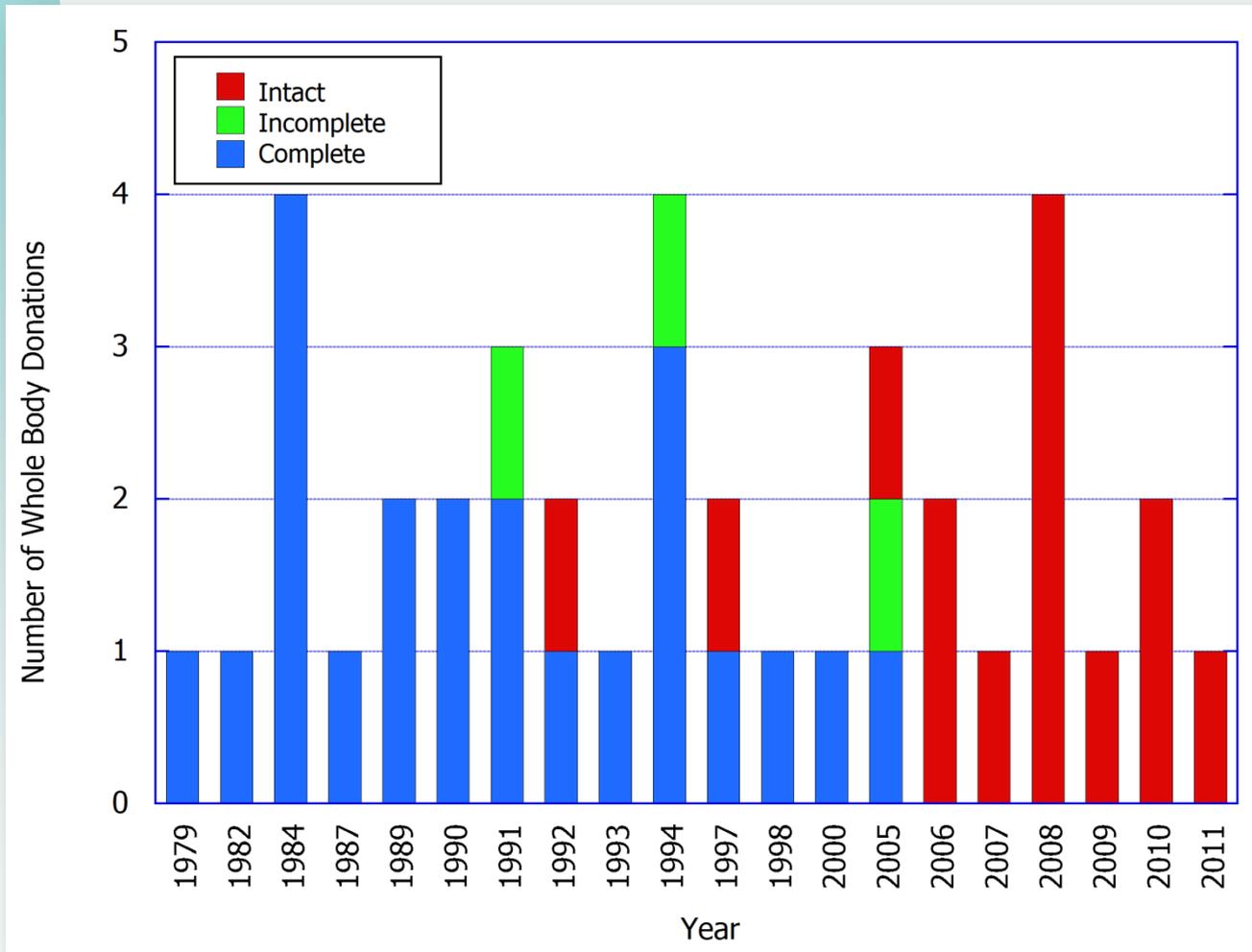
- Ratio = $\frac{\text{Individual Bone Concentration}}{\text{Total Skeletal Concentration}}$
- 'Best bone' = $\frac{C_{\text{bone}}, \text{ Bq kg}^{-1}}{C_{\text{skeleton}}, \text{ Bq kg}^{-1}} \rightarrow 1 \pm (\text{UNC} \rightarrow \text{min})$

'To Do' List

- Conduct radiochemical analysis of available whole-body cases
- Calculate skeletal concentrations
- Populate set of $C_{\text{bone}}/C_{\text{skeleton}}$ for analyzed cases



Radiochemistry Status: *Whole-Body Cases*



Radiochemistry Results: *Where to Find?*

The image shows a screenshot of the Washington State University website, specifically the 'United States Transuranium & Uranium Registries' page. The navigation menu on the left is expanded, with 'Radiochemistry' highlighted in red. The main content area shows the 'Radiochemistry' page, which includes a link to 'Radiochemistry Spreadsheet' also highlighted in red. The page content includes a section titled 'To use USTUR data, please cite:' followed by a citation for USTUR 0425: Radiochemistry. The page was last updated on November 10, 2009.

Washington State University
World Class. Face to Face.

Washington State University College of Pharmacy
United States Transuranium & Uranium Registries

USTUR Mission About Us Registrant Login

What's New?
Contact Us
College of Pharmacy

Home
History of Registries
USTUR
De-identified Data
Case Narratives
Radiochemistry
Health Physics
Pathology

NHRTR
National Human Radiobiological Tissue Repository

NRA
National Radiobiology Archives

Links

Washington State University College of Pharmacy
United States Transuranium & Uranium Registries

USTUR Mission About Us Registrant Login

Pathology »

USTUR 0425

[Radiochemistry Spreadsheet »](#)

To use USTUR data, please cite:
USTUR 0425: Radiochemistry. United States Transuranium and Uranium Registries. 10 November 2009. Washington State University; College of Pharmacy. Accessed 10 September 2011. Available at: http://www.ustur.wsu.edu/Case_Studies/Radiochemistry/xls/0425_RadChem_Rev2.xls

This page was last updated on November 10, 2009. usturwebmaster@tricity.wsu.edu

Radiochemistry Results: *What is Inside?*

USTUR Case 0425 - Derived Whole Body Pu/Am Contents																	
USTUR Case 0425 - Derived Whole Body Pu/Am Contents																	
Organ or Tissue	Wet Weight, g	Activity, Bq						Isotopic Activity Ratio, %				Activity Concentration in Wet Tissue, Bq kg ⁻¹					
		²³⁹⁺²⁴⁰ Pu		²³⁸ Pu		²⁴¹ Am		²³⁸ Pu, ²³⁹⁺²⁴⁰ Pu		²⁴¹ Am, ²³⁹⁺²⁴⁰ Pu		²³⁹⁺²⁴⁰ Pu		²³⁸ Pu		²⁴¹ Am	
		Meas.	s	Meas.	s	Meas.	s	Meas.	s	Meas.	s	Meas.	s	Meas.	s	Meas.	s
Calvarium:	486	1.53E+00	5.54E-02	2.06E-02	1.08E-02	4.99E-01	3.50E-02	1.35%	0.70%	32.6%	2.6%	3.15E+00	1.14E-01	4.24E-02	2.21E-02	1.03E+00	7.20E-02
Total Skull (R + L):	1093	2.72E+00	6.87E-02	2.70E-02	1.69E-02	9.40E-01	6.02E-02	0.99%	0.62%	34.5%	2.4%	2.49E+00	6.28E-02	2.47E-02	1.55E-02	8.60E-01	5.51E-02
Frontal 1	38.1	9.46E-02	6.60E-03	2.09E-04	1.24E-03	4.92E-02	5.13E-03	0.22%	1.31%	52.0%	6.5%	2.48E+00	1.73E-01	5.48E-03	3.24E-02	1.29E+00	1.35E-01
Frontal 2	14.4	3.71E-02	2.22E-03	6.59E-04	4.52E-04	1.72E-02	2.85E-03	1.78%	1.22%	46.4%	8.2%	2.57E+00	1.54E-01	4.58E-02	3.14E-02	1.19E+00	1.98E-01
Frontal 3	44.8	1.48E-01	8.08E-03	2.33E-03	1.35E-03	4.39E-02	4.57E-03	1.57%	0.91%	29.7%	3.5%	3.31E+00	1.80E-01	5.20E-02	3.00E-02	9.81E-01	1.02E-01
Parietal 1	64.9	1.96E-01	7.62E-03	3.15E-03	9.28E-04	6.40E-02	4.63E-03	1.61%	0.48%	32.6%	2.7%	3.02E+00	1.17E-01	4.85E-02	1.43E-02	9.86E-01	7.13E-02
Parietal 2	103.3	3.70E-01	2.50E-02	5.50E-03	5.04E-03	1.05E-01	1.58E-02	1.49%	1.37%	28.5%	4.7%	3.58E+00	2.42E-01	5.33E-02	4.88E-02	1.02E+00	1.53E-01
Temporal 1	38.8	1.06E-01	6.26E-03	2.92E-03	1.05E-03	3.73E-02	2.99E-03	2.76%	1.01%	35.2%	3.5%	2.73E+00	1.61E-01	7.53E-02	2.71E-02	9.61E-01	7.70E-02
Temporal 2	65.5	1.45E-01	6.72E-03	3.93E-03	1.33E-03	5.12E-02	4.70E-03	2.71%	0.93%	35.3%	3.6%	2.22E+00	1.03E-01	6.00E-02	2.04E-02	7.82E-01	7.17E-02
Temporal 3	16.2	2.52E-02	2.57E-03	-5.02E-04	7.32E-04	9.69E-03	2.19E-03	-	-	38.4%	9.5%	1.56E+00	1.58E-01	-3.10E-02	4.52E-02	5.98E-01	1.35E-01
Occipital	36.7	1.05E-01	6.14E-03	1.44E-03	1.08E-03	3.10E-02	3.06E-03	1.38%	1.03%	29.6%	3.4%	2.85E+00	1.67E-01	3.93E-02	2.93E-02	8.44E-01	8.33E-02
Maxilla (with teeth)	81.7	3.08E-02	8.74E-03	-7.19E-03	5.14E-03	2.50E-02	2.00E-02	-	-	81.1%	68.9%	3.77E-01	1.07E-01	-8.80E-02	6.29E-02	3.06E-01	2.45E-01
Mandible (with teeth)	145.8	2.23E-01	2.01E-02	1.51E-02	1.01E-02	1.00E-01	1.57E-02	6.75%	4.55%	44.9%	8.1%	1.53E+00	1.38E-01	1.03E-01	6.90E-02	6.88E-01	1.07E-01
Hyoid:								-	-	-	-						
Total Vertebrae:	2033.0	7.59E+00	7.71E-02	1.28E-01	1.32E-02	2.62E+00	3.02E-02	1.68%	0.17%	34.5%	0.5%	3.73E+00	3.79E-02	6.28E-02	6.47E-03	1.29E+00	1.49E-02
Whole Vertebrae																	
Cervical #1	38.9	2.27E-01	3.05E-02	9.91E-03	7.13E-03	7.15E-02	6.61E-03					5.85E+00	7.83E-01	2.55E-01	1.83E-01	1.84E+00	1.70E-01
Cervical #2	31.1	1.82E-01	1.22E-02	7.93E-03	2.85E-03	5.72E-02	2.64E-03	4.36%	1.59%	31.5%	2.6%	5.85E+00	3.92E-01	2.55E-01	9.17E-02	1.84E+00	8.50E-02
Cervical #3	23.2	1.06E-01	5.27E-03	5.16E-03	1.30E-03	3.63E-02	1.92E-03	4.88%	1.26%	34.3%	2.5%	4.56E+00	2.27E-01	2.23E-01	5.62E-02	1.56E+00	8.30E-02
Cervical #4	25.8	1.18E-01	7.69E-03	5.01E-03	1.74E-03	3.74E-02	2.58E-03										
Cervical #5	28.3	1.30E-01	5.52E-03	4.65E-03	1.09E-03	3.81E-02	1.60E-03	3.57%	0.85%	29.3%	1.7%	4.60E+00	1.95E-01	1.64E-01	3.86E-02	1.34E+00	5.66E-02
Cervical #6	30.5	1.42E-01	8.69E-03	5.32E-03	1.83E-03	4.73E-02	3.66E-03										
Cervical #7	32.6	1.54E-01	6.78E-03	6.06E-03	1.50E-03	5.73E-02	3.47E-03	3.94%	0.99%	37.2%	2.8%	4.72E+00	2.08E-01	1.86E-01	4.60E-02	1.76E+00	1.06E-01
Cervical #8	40.4	1.76E-01	1.04E-02	5.16E-03	1.96E-03	6.59E-02	4.74E-03										
Thoracic #1	48.1	1.96E-01	7.48E-03	4.06E-03	1.05E-03	7.20E-02	2.51E-03	2.07%	0.54%	36.7%	1.9%	4.08E+00	1.56E-01	8.44E-02	2.17E-02	1.50E+00	5.22E-02
Thoracic #2	44.7	1.97E-01	9.43E-03	3.28E-03	1.29E-03	6.81E-02	4.22E-03										
Thoracic #3	41.2	1.96E-01	6.06E-03	2.53E-03	7.99E-04	6.41E-02	3.17E-03	1.29%	0.41%	32.7%	1.9%	4.75E+00	1.47E-01	6.14E-02	1.94E-02	1.56E+00	7.70E-02
Thoracic #4	53.0	2.50E-01	1.06E-02	3.99E-03	1.52E-03	8.29E-02	5.61E-03										
Thoracic #5	64.7	2.95E-01	7.72E-03	6.01E-03	1.18E-03	1.01E-01	4.79E-03	2.04%	0.41%	34.1%	1.9%	4.55E+00	1.19E-01	9.29E-02	1.83E-02	1.55E+00	7.40E-02
Thoracic #6	57.9	2.51E-01	1.29E-02	5.53E-03	2.22E-03	8.77E-02	6.46E-03										
Thoracic #7	51.0	2.08E-01	9.75E-03	4.75E-03	1.79E-03	7.56E-02	3.97E-03	2.29%	0.87%	36.5%	2.6%	4.07E+00	1.91E-01	9.31E-02	3.51E-02	1.48E+00	7.79E-02
Thoracic #8	77.9	3.11E-01	1.64E-02	7.10E-03	2.74E-03	1.07E-01	7.43E-03										
Thoracic #9	104.7	3.96E-01	1.56E-02	7.67E-03	2.37E-03	1.29E-01	4.93E-03	1.94%	0.60%	32.6%	1.8%	3.78E+00	1.49E-01	7.32E-02	2.27E-02	1.23E+00	4.71E-02
Thoracic #10	111.2	4.07E-01	1.33E-02	4.81E-03	2.09E-03	1.38E-01	5.05E-03										
Thoracic #11	117.6	4.17E-01	1.99E-02	1.57E-03	2.98E-03	1.47E-01	6.35E-03	0.38%	0.72%	35.4%	2.3%	3.54E+00	1.69E-01	1.34E-02	2.54E-02	1.25E+00	5.40E-02
Thoracic #12	105.7	3.59E-01	1.65E-02		1.30E-01	5.57E-03											
Lumbar #1	201.0	5.38E-01	1.18E-02	5.21E-03	1.53E-03	2.38E-01	6.43E-03	0.97%	0.28%	44.3%	1.5%	2.67E+00	5.88E-02	2.59E-02	7.59E-03	1.19E+00	3.20E-02
Lumbar #2	196.0	6.54E-01	2.99E-02	6.66E-03	4.26E-03	2.36E-01	1.26E-02										
Lumbar #3	190.9	7.03E-01	2.25E-02	9.11E-03	3.25E-03	2.27E-01	9.08E-03	1.30%	0.46%	32.3%	1.7%	3.68E+00	1.18E-01	4.77E-02	1.70E-02	1.19E+00	4.76E-02
Lumbar #4	169.3	5.55E-01	2.87E-02	4.92E-03	4.54E-03	1.75E-01	1.27E-02										
Lumbar #5	147.7	4.19E-01	1.71E-02	1.28E-03	3.04E-03	1.30E-01	7.61E-03	0.31%	0.73%	31.0%	2.2%	2.84E+00	1.16E-01	8.66E-03	2.06E-02	8.79E-01	5.15E-02

http://www.ustur.wsu.edu/Case_Studies/Radiochemistry/html/0425_RadChem.php



Work in Progress

Case	Age, y	Osteoporotic	Primary Nuclide	Skeletal Conc., Bq wt.kg ⁻¹	Cbone /Cskeleton				
					Ribs	Stern.	Vert.	Patella	Clavic.
0193	62		²³⁹ Pu	5.83	0.77	1.24	1.10	1.21	1.04
0208	69		²³⁹ Pu	10.9	0.74	1.29	0.62	1.24	1.00
0212	56	no	²³⁹ Pu	10.9	0.74	1.03	0.75	2.06	1.18
0213	68	no	²³⁹ Pu	20.2	0.86	1.18	1.06	1.42	0.87
0242	77		²³⁹ Pu	42.2	0.68	0.95	0.78	1.28	1.05
0259	55	no	²³⁸ Pu	10.53	0.64	0.65	0.63	1.66	0.81
0425	83	no	²³⁹ Pu	2.82	1.61	1.10	1.46	0.51	0.99
0679	72	yes	²³⁹ Pu	10.52	1.29	0.62	1.13	-----	1.04
0720	84	yes	²³⁹ Pu	8.49	0.70	0.71	1.16	0.91	1.22
0744	67	no	²³⁹ Pu	8.62	1.2	-----	0.98	1.27	1.00
0269	79	yes	²³⁹ Pu	119.1	0.91	1.01	1.01	1.16	1.05
0682	71	no	²³⁸ Pu	27.3	1.09	0.80	1.23	1.41	0.67

Work Summary

Case	Age, y	Osteoporotic	Primary Nuclide	Cbone /Cskeleton					Variability by Case
				Ribs	Stern.	Vert.	Patella	Clavic.	
0193	62		^{239}Pu	0.77	1.24	1.10	1.21	1.04	1.07 ± 0.19
0208	69		^{239}Pu	0.74	1.29	0.62	1.24	1.00	0.98 ± 0.30
0212	56	no	^{239}Pu	0.74	1.03	0.75	2.06	1.18	1.15 ± 0.54
0213	68	no	^{239}Pu	0.86	1.18	1.06	1.42	0.87	1.08 ± 0.23
0242	77		^{239}Pu	0.68	0.95	0.78	1.28	1.05	0.95 ± 0.23
0259	55	no	^{238}Pu	0.64	0.65	0.63	1.66	0.81	0.88 ± 0.44
0425	83	no	^{239}Pu	1.61	1.10	1.46	0.51	0.99	1.13 ± 0.43
0679	72	yes	^{239}Pu	1.29	0.62	1.13	-----	1.04	1.02 ± 0.29
0720	84	yes	^{239}Pu	0.70	0.71	1.16	0.91	1.22	0.94 ± 0.24
0744	67	no	^{239}Pu	1.2	-----	0.98	1.27	1.00	1.11 ± 0.14
0269	79	yes	^{239}Pu	0.91	1.01	1.01	1.16	1.05	1.03 ± 0.09
0682	71	no	^{238}Pu	1.09	0.80	1.23	1.41	0.67	1.04 ± 0.30
12	70 ± 10	all	Pu	0.94 ± 0.30	0.96 ± 0.24	0.99 ± 0.25	1.28 ± 0.39	0.99 ± 0.15	Variability by Bone

Conclusion

- 'Best bone' = $\frac{C_{\text{bone}}, \text{ Bq kg}^{-1}}{C_{\text{skeleton}}, \text{ Bq kg}^{-1}} \rightarrow 1 \pm (\text{UNC} \rightarrow \text{min})$



Clavicle is the one: 0.99 ± 0.15

Future Work

- Calculate $C_{\text{bone}}/C_{\text{skeleton}}$ using bone ash weights.
- Calculate $C_{\text{bone}}/C_{\text{skeleton}}$ for other bones typically collected at autopsy from partial-body donors: femur (whole, or middle shaft), scapula, calvarium.
- Populate $C_{\text{bone}}/C_{\text{skeleton}}$ for all individual bones.
- Apply advanced mathematical algorithms to define 'best group' of 3-5-7 bones.

Disclaimer: *“This presentation was prepared as an account of work sponsored by an agency of the United States Government. Neither the United States Government nor any agency thereof, nor any of their employees, makes any warranty, expressed or implied, or assumes any legal liability or responsibility for the accuracy, completeness, or usefulness of any information, apparatus, product, or process disclosed, or represents that its use would not infringe privately owned rights. Reference herein to any specific commercial product, process, or service by trade name, trademark, manufacturer, or otherwise does not necessarily constitute or imply its endorsement, recommendation, or favoring by the United States Government or any agency thereof. The views and opinions of authors expressed herein do not necessarily state or reflect those of the United States Government or any agency thereof.”*



Thank you!

