

Emerald Ash Borer

Agrilus planipennis



Identification

- Small metallic green beetles
- Adult beetles can be up to 1/2-inch long

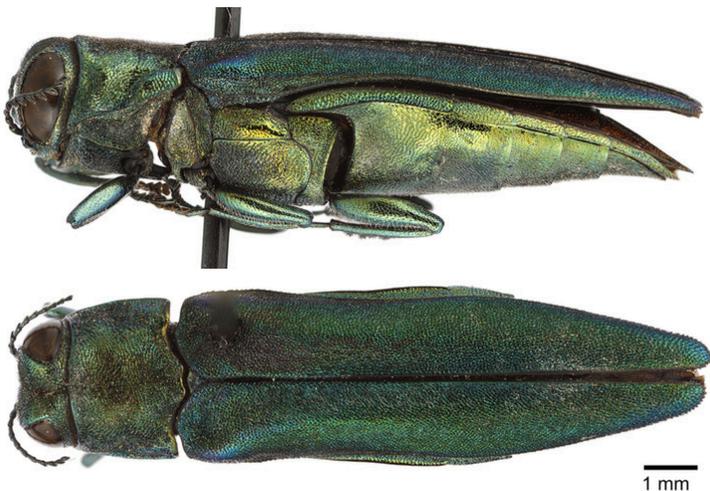


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Impact

The establishment of Emerald Ash Borer (EAB) in any area poses a threat to all ash (*Fraxinus* spp.) trees. EAB will cause financial impacts, alter ecosystems, and result in the reduction or loss of this important tree species.

Treatment or removal are the only options for trees infested with EAB and both options pose a financial challenge. Losing ash could alter ecosystems and the ecological role that these trees have.

Signs and Symptoms

- D-Shaped Exit Holes in Bark
 - Serpentine galleries under bark from larval feeding
- Unhealthy Ash Trees:
 - Branch Dieback
 - Canopy Dieback
 - Woodpecker Damage
 - Epicormic Branching



Image Credits:

Top Left: Eric R. Day, Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University, Top Right: Debbie Miller, USDA Forest Service, Bottom: Minnesota Department of Natural Resources



Use This QR Code to Report Sighting or go to <https://invasivespecies.wa.gov/report-a-sighting/>

What You Can Do

- Don't Move Firewood
- Check Unhealthy Ash Trees for Signs of EAB
- Report Sightings to Washington Invasive Species Council