Finding Cost-Effective Weed and Nutrient Management Practices in Organic Pear Orchards

Chuck Ingels, UCCE, Sacramento County
Tom Lanini, UCD Plant Sciences Dept.
Karen Klonsky, UCD Ag. & Resource Economics
Ken Shackel, UCD Plant Sciences Dept.
Chris Frieders, Joe Green Ranch (Grower Cooperator)





Project Funding

<u>2009</u>

California Pear Advisory Board

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Organic Farming Research Foundation

Results of Past Surveys

Surveys of organic growers in WA & CA: Weed control, soil fertility are two of the top production challenges in organic tree fruit production

Experimental Methods Trial Started Oct. 16, 2008

- Uniform Bosc block, 18' x 10', planted 2001
- RCB design, 7 treatments, 5 reps
- Plot size: 6 trees/rep (sample middle 4 trees)
- All 7 treatments down each row



Treatments

- 1. In-row mowing, no N fertilizer
- 2. In-row mowing, manure (low rate)
- 3. In-row mowing, manure (high rate)
- 4. In-row mowing, feather meal**
- Landscape fabric + manure (high rate)
- 6. Wood chips + manure (high rate)
- 7. Herbicide strip + manure (high rate)

**Grower Standard

Manure and N Rates Low Rate Treatment¹

	Applic. Rate (Tons/Acre)	Total N (%)	Total N ² (lbs./A)
Oct. 2008	2.0	3.2	104
Oct. 2009	2.0	2.6	83
Apr. 2010	1.0	2.9	47
TOTAL			234

¹High rate = double the low rate ²Total N based on % N and % dry weight (avg. 80%)

Feather Meal and N Rates

	Applic. Rate (lbs./Acre)	Total N (%)	Total N ¹ (lbs./A)
Oct. 2008	1,000	11.0	103
Oct. 2009	1,000	7.7	74
Apr. 2010	400	12.0	46
TOTAL			223

¹Total N based on % N and % dry weight (avg. 94%)



In-row mower and occasional damage







Herbicide



PRODUCT: White Distilled Vinegar

Made in the U.S.A.

Not great control of grasses

Weed Pharm Rates and Prices (Treated Acres)

- Typical grower rates (CEO, Pharm Solutions Inc.)
 - > 1.5-2 gal./A/applic., 5-7 sprays/yr., 35 gal./A water
- Recommended rate (Tom Lanini, UCD)
 - Undiluted, 70 gal./A/application
- Price (275 gal. tote) \$2,100 delivered, \$7.60/gal.
- Price (truckload) \$5,600 delivered, \$6.75/gal.
- So the cost would be 70 gal. x \$6.75/gal. x 0.25 (treated acreage) = \$118 per orchard acre
- Weeds should be sprayed at the 4-6 leaf stage

Herbicides Used

Vinegar (Weed Pharm, now USDA NOP certified)

20% vinegar + org. surfactant (NuFilm P), 1.0% v/v

GreenMatch (Marrone Bio Innovations, Davis)

» d-limonene, 10% solution

- Spray volume 70 gal./treated acre
- 5 applications/year



Vinegar Sprayed Oct., Nov. 2008

Feb., June 2009, ...

May 2009









Oct. 2009, Apr. 2010 5 ft. strip, 6 in. deep 25 ft.³/tree (224 cu. yds./acre).

Have 1% N, weigh ~600 lbs./cu. yd → about 5.6 lbs. of actual N were applied per tree, or about 1,350 lbs. N/acre





Wood Chips

Only occasional weed growth





Landscape Fabric

- 3 ft. wide/side, overlapped 8 in. (~5 ft. wide)
- Pins placed every 2 ft.
- Lasts 8 years (?)
- Organic rules: Annual removal once a year





Landscape Fabric



Organic Fertilization



Chicken Manure

- Usually with wood shavings, rice hulls
- Smell, NH₃ volatilization are major issues

Feather Meal

- Pelleted; slow release through season
- Little smell, little NH₃ volatilization



Chicken Manure









Feather Meal (Pelleted)

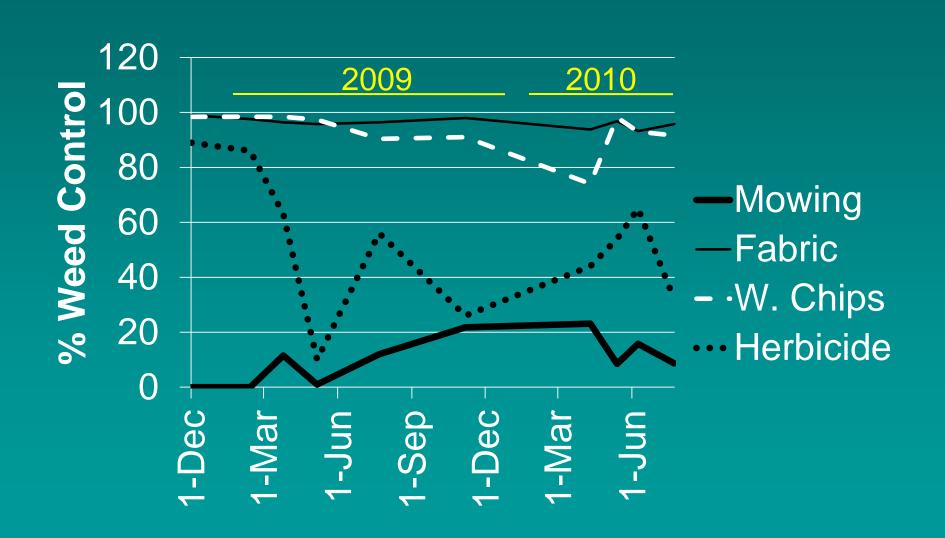




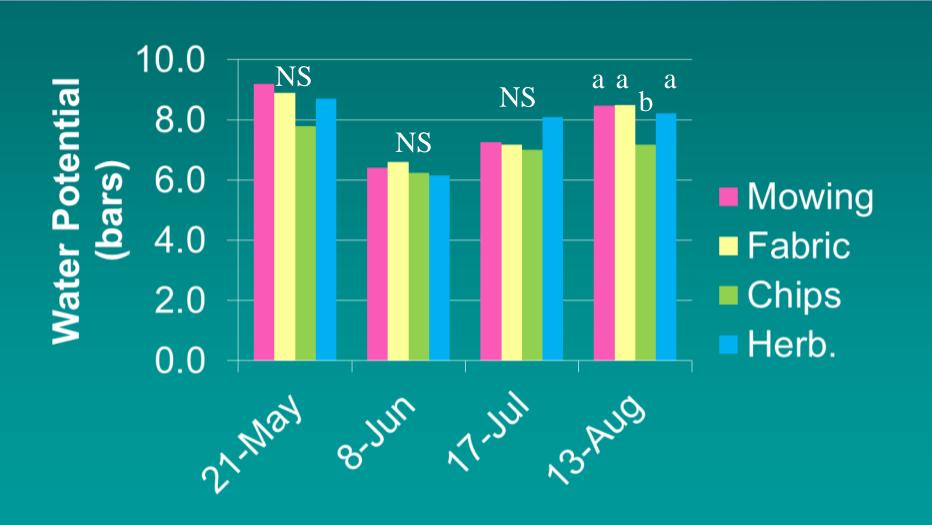
Results – 2009-10 No significant differences for these

- Yield (30, 26 T/A)
- Fruit diameters (2.8, 2.7 in.)
- Trunk cross-sectional area
- Leaf P, K, Ca, Mg content
- Most soil nutrients

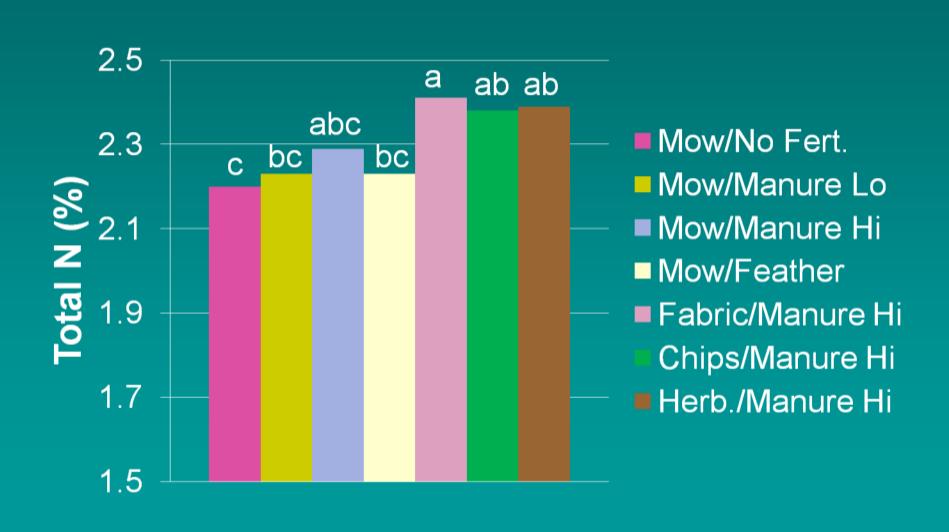
% Weed Control



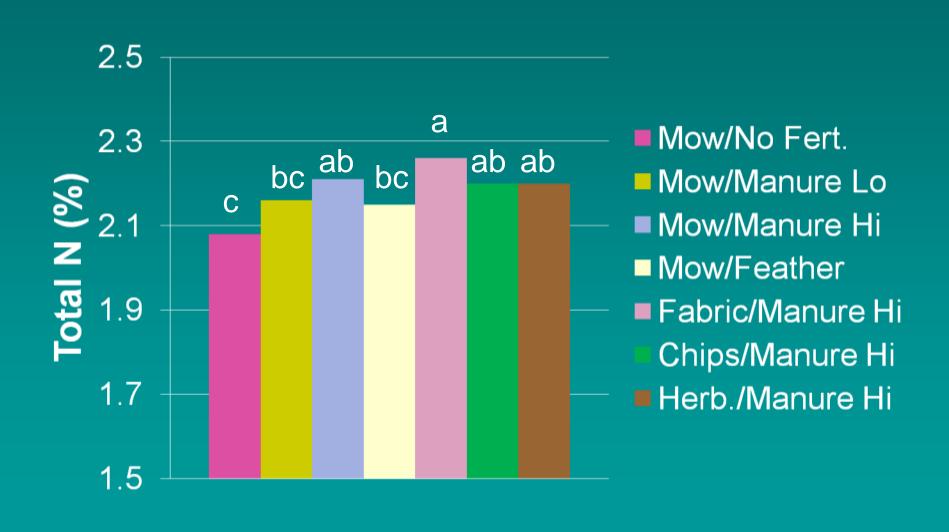
Stem Water Potential, 2009 (Tree water stress [neg.])



Leaf Nitrogen Content 2009



Leaf Nitrogen Content 2010



Vole Holes





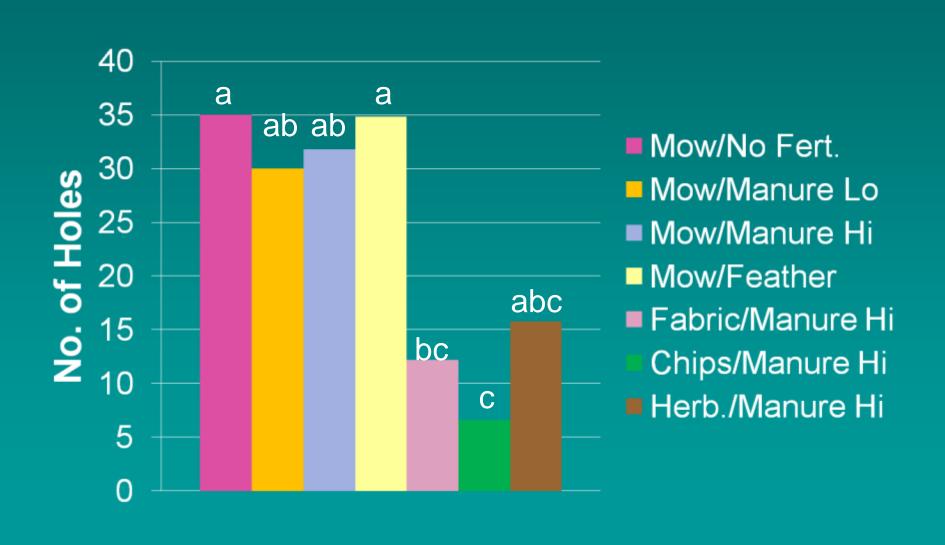




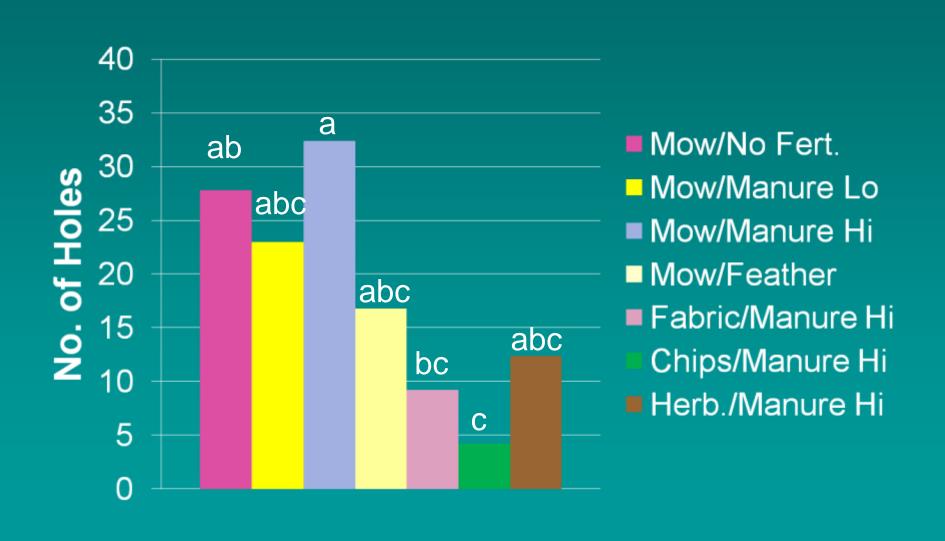
Voles No Trunk Damage Seen



Vole Holes, Oct. 2009 No. per 6 Trees (1 Side Only)



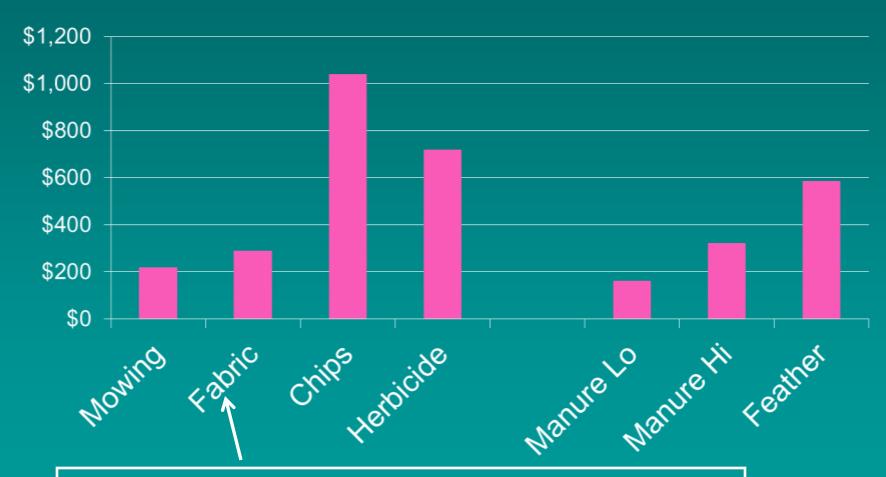
Vole Holes, Oct. 2010 No. per 6 Trees (1 Side Only)



Economics Assumptions Used

- In-row mowing 5 times per yr. (2 passes)
- GreenMatch herbicide applied 5 times
- Wood chips Year 1: 6 in., Year 2: 3 in.
- Fabric longevity: 8 yrs.
- Chicken manure 2 vs. 4 T/A
- Feather meal 0.5 T/A

Economics Total Costs/Acre/Year



NOTE: Fabric cost does not include annual removal

Conclusions

- Wood chip cost prohibitive, weeds may invade, but voles are reduced
- Fabric mulch greatly reduces weeds and it may be cost-effective (if it lasts), but requires annual removal
- Current organic herbicides don't work well
- Manure is cheapest but availability is limited
- Organic production requires price premium
- Project to continue 1 more year